

I. Overview

Welcome to Cornerstone Bible Institute – Saturday Sessions! The title of this class is **Theology I: Bibliology and Theology Proper**. It will be our joy during this quarter to study the doctrine of the Bible and the attributes of God. Thank you for joining us and we trust that you will be richly blessed as we study God's Word together!

Reading:

Our supplementary reading assignments will be from Wayne Grudem's <u>Systematic Theology</u> (blue cover). This is an excellent resource and we will be using it for the Theology II, III and IV classes as well.

Meeting Times: Twice monthly, Saturday mornings, 8:00-11:00am at the church office in Anaheim.

Class Schedule:

8:00-8:10 Administration and Opening Prayer
8:10-9:00 **Teaching Session #1**9:00-9:10 Break
9:10-10:00 **Teaching Session #2**10:00-10:10 Break
10:10-11:00 **Teaching Session #3**

Supplementary Assignments:

Cornerstone Bible Institute is a church ministry, not a seminary classroom. Therefore, we desire any assignments to serve you and not enslave you. We understand that many of you are making a considerable sacrifice just to be here on Saturdays and that you have a very busy schedule during the week. We understand if you cannot complete all of the assignments or if you cannot make all of the sessions (of if you need to leave early). Come and be blessed as much as you can!

- Reading <u>Systematic Theology</u> by Wayne Grudem is an excellent resource and we trust you will be richly blessed as you read and internalize this fine work. Our reading schedule will have you completing the entire systematic theology in a year as you go through the four courses. If by God's grace you are able to partake of this reading, we know it will produce much joy and spiritual fruit in your life!
- **Reflection** At the end of the class, you will be given the opportunity to write a 1-2 page (double-spaced) devotional reflection on one topic of your choosing. To be clear, this is not a research paper or a Bible Study paper. It is more like a journal-like, diary-like reflection on one of the things you were taught in this class. For example, you can choose to write this assignment on "The Love of God" and simply write some ways that you were impacted while learning about God's love.

II. Calendar

Date	Teaching Session	Supplementary Assignments Due
3/14	Bibliology #1	
4/11	Bibliology #2	Grudem, Chapters 1, 2, 4, 7
4/25	Theology Proper #1	Grudem, Chapters 3, 5, 6, 8
5/9	Theology Proper #2	Grudem, Chapters 9-12
5/23	Theology Proper #3	Grudem, Chapters 13-16
6/6	Theology Proper #4	1-2 Page Reflection Essay

III. Contacts

Dan Nah, Instructor	danielnah@cbcbible.org
Joe Jhung, Teaching Assistant	joejhung@cbcbible.org
Adam Bakonis, Administrator	<u>abakonis@gmail.com</u>



I.

SESSION #1: INTRODUCTION TO SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

What is Systematic Theology?		
•	Systematic Theology is the process of, and	
	all that the Bible has to say about a particular	
Fo	ur Steps Involved:	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
	estematic theology is any study that answers the question, 'What does the whole Bible teach us today?' about any given ic." (Grudem)	
•	Exercise - Write down three things you know about Jesus:	
1.		
2.		
3.		
Co	ngratulations! You're a systematic theologian!	
•	The result of doing systematic theology is what we call	
	"Doctrine is what the whole Bible teaches us today about some particular topic" (Grudem)	
•	Doctrines can be divided into categories and categories.	
	e.g. Doctrine of Salvation vs. Doctrine of Justification, Doctrine of Election	

• Major Doctrines Studied Throughout Church History:

Name	Doctrine of	Covered in:
Bibliology	The Bible	Theo I
Theology Proper	God	Theo I
Christology	Christ	Theo II
Pneumatology	The Holy Spirit	Theo II
Angelology	Angels, Satan, Demons	Theo II
Anthropology	Man	Theo III
Harmartiology	Sin	Theo III
Soteriology	Salvation	Theo III
Ecclesiology	The Church	Theo IV
Eschatology	End Times	Theo IV

II.

3)

4)

5)

Study of Bibliology:

Session #1: Introduction to Systematic Theology Session #2: God's Grace in Revelation			
Session #2: God's Grace in Revelation Session #3: The Inspiration of Scripture			
Session #4: The Inerrancy of Scripture			
Session #5: The Sufficiency of Scripture			
Session #6: Nuts and Bolts (Preservation, Transmission, and Translation of Scripture)			
Systematic Theology is possible because God is a God of, not chaos.			
1 Cor. 14:33 – for God is not a God of confusion but of peace, as in all the churches of the saints.			
1 Cor. 14:40 – But let all things be done properly and in an orderly manner.			
Systematic Theology is possible because of the			
"Analogia Scriptura" interprets			
* Technical Note: The Term "Systematic Theology" in Biblical Scholarship differs from the terms "Biblical Theology" and "Historical Theology".			
Systematic Theology: What does the teach about a particular topic?			
Biblical Theology: What does one of the Bible teach about a particular topic? E.g. Psalms, Paul			
Historical Theology: How did the church at a certain in church history understand a particular doctrine?			
Why Study Systematic Theology?			
1)			
2)			

Jeremiah 15:16 — Thy words were found and I ate them, And Thy words became for me a joy and the delight of my heart; For I have been called by Thy name, O LORD of hosts.

C.H. Spurgeon – It is blessed to eat into the very soul of the Bible until, at last, you come to talk in Scriptural language, and your spirit is flavored with the words of the Lord, so that your blood is Bibline and the very essence of the Bible flows from you.





III. How Should We Study Systematic Theology?

Main Point: We Should Study Systematic Theology with		
John 14:26 – But the Helper, the Holy Spirit, whom the Father will send in My name, He will teach you all things, and bring to your remembrance all that I said to you.		
1 Corinthians 2:12-13 — Now we have received, not the spirit of the world, but the Spirit who is from God, that we might know the things freely given to us by God, which things we also speak, not in words taught by human wisdom, but in those taught by the Spirit, combining spiritual thoughts with spiritual words.		

Application: we will be combining _____ with _____.



SESSION #2: GOD'S GRACE IN REVELATION

Int	roduction		
(1)	God's	is the most powerful force in the world today (Gen. 1:3, 6,	9, 11, 14, 20, 24, 26, 31)
ana	l sprout, And furnishing seed to the	and the snow come down from heaven, And do not return there without watering e sower and bread to the eater; So shall My word be which goes forth from My desire, And without succeeding in the matter for which I sent it.	
	Corinthians 4:6 — For God, who so whedge of the glory of God in the fa	aid, "Light shall shine out of darkness," is the One who has shone in our head we of Christ.	rts to give the light of the
•	Wrong Mentality: "I am	and everyone else is".	
•	Right Mentality: "I am in	and God has given to me His	" (Eph. 4:17)
(2)	Distinguishing God's truth f	rom Satan's lies is a matter of	
	5	your heart all the words with which I am warning you today, which you shall α . For it is not an idle word for you; indeed it is yoru life.	ommand your sons to observe
•	Balanced Attitude: We are _	but we are about	truth (Humble Orthodoxy)
I.	What is Revelation?		
•	Definition: God's	to us certain truths that we would otherwise not	be able to
		_•	
		t act of God whereby He discloses Himself or communicates truth that which could not be known in any other way."	to the mind, whereby He
Tw	o Broad Categories:		
(1)			
(-)			
(2)			





II. What is General Revelation?

• General in
• General in
Psalm 19:1-2 — The heavens are telling of the glory of God; And their expanse is declaring the work of His hands. Day to day pours forth speech, And night to night reveals knowledge.
Romans 1:18-20 — For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men, who suppress the truth in unrighteousness, because that which is known about God is evident within them; for God made it evident to them. For since the creation of the world His invisible attributes, His eternal power and divine nature, have been clearly seen, being understood through what has been made, so that they are without excuse.
Characteristics of General Revelation:
(1)
"day to day" / "night to night" (Ps. 19:2)
(2)
"line has gone out through all the earth/utterances to the end of the world" (Ps. 19:4)
(3)
"telling of the glory of God"/"work of His hands" (Ps. 19:1)
"invisible attributes/ eternal power/ divine nature" (Rom. 1:20)
• Men's Response to General Revelation (Rom. 1:18):
KEY IDEA: General revelation is sufficient to, but not sufficient to (John 14:6, 1 Tim. 2:5, Rom. 10:14-15)
• God is to all, but to some.
Another aspect of general revelation: God's revelation in
Rom 2:14-15 — For when Gentiles who do not have the Law do instinctively the things of the Law, these, not having the Law, are a law to themselves, in that they show the work of the Law written in their hearts, their conscience bearing witness, and their thoughts alternately accusing or

else defending them, on the day when, according to my gospel, God will judge the secrets of men through Christ Jesus.





III. What is Special Revelation?

Special Revelation focuses on God's revelation of Hisin the
Hebrews 1:1-2 — God, after He spoke long ago to the fathers in the prophets in many portions and in many ways, in these last days has spoken to us in His Son, whom He appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the world.
Galatians 1:11-12 — For I would have you know, brethren, that the gospel which was preached by me is not according to man. For I neither received it from man, nor was I taught it, but I received it through a revelation of Jesus Christ.
Characteristics of Special Revelation:
(1)
(2)
(3)
Note Psalm 19:1-6 (general revelation) versus Psalm 19:7-14 (special revelation)



SESSION #3: THE INSPIRATION OF SCRIPTURE			
Int	roduction		
•	God's special revelation is an expression of His towards us because we have all rejected His general revelation.		
•	What is the quality and character of this special revelation?		
I.	What is the "Inspiration of Scripture" mean?		
KE	Y TEXT #1: 2 Timothy 3:16-17		
	Scripture is inspired by God and profitable for teaching, for reproof, for correction, for training in righteousness t the man of God may be adequate, equipped for every good work.		
<u>"Al</u>	l Scripture"		
Ma	tthew 22:29 – But Jesus answered and said to them, "You are mistaken, not understanding the Scriptures, or the power of God."		
John	13:18 – it is that the Scripture may be fulfilled, 'He who eats My bread has lifted up his heel against Me.'		
"In	spired by God" –		
Tw	o elements in inspiration:		
(1)			
(2)			
En	d Result: God's very words being recorded		

Psalm 12:6 – The words of the LORD are pure words; As silver tried in a furnace on the earth, refined seven times.



KEY TEXT #2: 2 Peter 1:20-21

But know this first of all, that no prophecy of Scripture is a matter of one's own interpretation, for no prophecy was ever made by an act of human will, but men moved by the Holy Spirit spoke from God.

ever made by an act of numan will, but men moved by the front spoke nom God.
"Moved by the Holy Spirit" –
Two Illustrations:
(1)
Acts 27:14-15 — But before very long there rushed down from the land a violent wind, and when the ship was caught in it, and could not face the wind, we gave way to it, and let ourselves be driven along.
(2)

Definition of Inspiration:			
Inspiration is the	whereby He	His Word through	
in such a way that the end result is His perfect Word			
no matter what subject it speaks to.			

Paul Enns: "Inspiration may be defined as the Holy Spirit's superintending over the writers so that while writing according to their own styles and personalities, the result was God's Word written – authoritative, trustworthy, and free from error in the original autographs.

Edward J. Young: "Inspiration is a superintendence of God the Holy Spirit over the writers of the Scriptures, as a result of which these Scriptures possess Divine authority and trustworthiness and, possessing such Divine authority and trustworthiness, are free from error."

Charles Ryrie: "Inspiration is. . . God's superintendence of the human authors so that, using their own individual personalities, they composed and recorded without error His revelation to man in the words of the original autographs."

ΙΙ	What are	Some	Inadequate	Views	of Insi	oiration?
11.	w mat arc	JUILLE	maucquaic	VICWS	OI IIIS	JII auoii:

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

III. What was Jesus' View of the Inspiration of the Bible?

(1) Inspiration of the ______(Plenary Inspiration)

Matthew 5:17 - Do not think that I came to abolish the Law or the Prophets; I did not come to abolish, but to fulfill.

Luke 24:44 — "These are My words which I spoke to you while I was still with you, that all things which are written about Me in the Law of Moses and the Prophets and the Psalms must be fulfilled."

John $10:35 - \dots$ the Scripture cannot be broken...

(2) Inspiration of the _____

Gospel Reference	OT Quotation
Matthew 4:4	Deuteronomy 8:3
Matthew 4:7	Deuteronomy 6:13
Matthew 4:10	Deuteronomy 6:16
Matthew 21:42	Psalm 118:22
Matthew 12:18-21	Isaiah 42:1-4

(3) Inspiration of the	(Verbal Inspiration	on)	
John 8:58 – Jesus said to them, "Truly, truly, I	say to you, before Abraham was i	born, I am."	
Exodus 3:14 – And God said to Moses, 'I AN you.'"	M WHO I AM"; and He said,	'Thus you shall say to the sons of Israel,	I AM has sent me to
• The entire force of this statement hin	ged in the	of	

Also see Matthew 22:43-44 in reference to Psalm 110:1; John 10:34-35 in reference to Psalm 82:6

6	Theology I		3/14,	/09
(4)	Inspiration of the	and even the	of the letters.	
	tthew 5:18 – For truly I say to you, until h mplished.	heaven and earth pass away, not the sm	nallest letter or stoke shall pass away from the Law, until a	ıll is
"jot	or tittle" (KJV) –			
IN • •	SUM: Jesus believed in The Inspiration of the Whole (Plena The Inspiration of the Parts The Inspiration of the Words (Verb The Inspiration of the Letters	pal Inspiration)		
•	The Inspiration of the Parts of the l			
	<i>-</i> ,	in,	inspiration.	
Son	ne additional considerations:			
(1)	Paul had an the OT in weight and authority.	that the NT Scripture was be	eing written during his time and equated the NT w	vith
	1 Timothy 5:18 – For the Scripture says,	"You shall not muzzle the ox while h	he is threshing," and "The laborer is worthy of his wages."	
	Deuteronomy 25:4 – "You shall not muz	zle the ox while he is threshing."		
	Luke 10:7 – And stay in that house, ear	ting and drinking what they give you; fo	or the laborer is worthy of his wages.	
(2)	Peter had an awareness of	writings as being inspired a	and acknowledged those writings as Scripture.	
			n given him, wrote to you, as also in all his letters, speaking aught and unstable distort, as they do also the rest of the	z in
IV.	What should be our response to t	the doctrine of inspiration?		
(1)	We stand in awe of			
(2)	We become	as engineers and	as artists	
(3)	We the un	leashing of God's power in His _		